MANGALORE UNIVERSITY

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY

SYLLABUS FOR PH.D.COURSE WORK

With effect from 2011

Mangalagangothri
Dakshina Kannada -574199
Karnataka State

SYLLABUS FOR
PH.D. COURSE WORK

PAPER – 1	:	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY
PAPER- 2	:	THEORETICAL FOUNDATIONS
PAPER- 3	:	RECENT DEVELOPMENTS
PAPER - 4	:	REVIEWING OF LITERATURE AND PLANNING OF THE PROPOSED RESEARCH WORK WITH A TENTATIVE TITLE

STRUCTURE OF Ph.D. COURSE WORK

Papers	Particulars	Hours of Instruction Per Week	Duration of Examination (hrs)	Marks			Credits
				IA	Theory	Total	
Paper-1	Research Methodology	4	3	30	70	100	4
Paper-2	Theoretical Foundations	4	3	30	70	100	4
Paper-3	Recent Developments	4	3	30	70	100	4
Paper -4	Reviewing of Literature and Planning of the Proposed Research work with a Tentative Title	16	-	-	-	200	8
						Total	**20 Credits**

PAPER –1 –RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Hours of Instructions in a Week: 4
Assessment:

Course End- Examination	:	70 Marks (of 3 Hours)
Continuous Assessment	:	30 Marks

The objective of this paper is to understand knowledge about social research, use of statistical application in social research and various tools and techniques of data collection.

CHAPTER – I : INTRODUCTION TO SOCIAL RESEARCH

a) Meaning, definition, and Importance of social research
b) Approaches and types of Social Research : Historical, Comparative, Descriptive, Experimental and Basic Theoretical, Applied and Action oriented research.
c) The Relationship between Theory and Research

CHAPTER – II : RESEARCH PROCEDURES

a) Identification and Formulation of research problem
b) Review of literature
c) Research Design and its types
d) Hypothesis
e) Research concepts, variables and facts
f) Pilot studies
g) Sampling : Types: Probability and Non- Probability

CHAPTER – III : TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES OF DATA COLLECTION:

a) Observation
b) Questionnaire, Interview schedule and interview method
c) Survey method
d) Case Study
e) Participatory Rapid Appraisal

CHAPTER – IV : SOCIAL STATISTICS AND ITS APPLICATION :

a) Social Statistics: Importance of Statistical Application in Sociological Research
b) Classification and tabulation of data
c) Diagrammatic and Graphic Presentation of Data**:** Bar Diagram, Multiple Bar Diagram, Subdivided Bar Diagram, Pie- Diagram, Line Chart / Graphs, Histogram, Frequency Polygon
d) Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median, Mode, Measures of Dispersion: Range, Quartile Deviation, Mean Deviation, Standard Deviation, Co- efficient of Variation
e) Correlation: Definitions, Types of Correlation, Methods of Finding Correlation

CHAPTER – V : REPORT WRITING

a) Uses of Statistical Data with the help of Computer Programmes: SPSS, Econometrics
b) Preparation of research report

Reading list:

1. Bose, Pradip Kumar, 1995, Research Methodology, New Delhi, ICSSR.
2. D.A. de Vaus, 1986: Surveys in Social Research, London, George Relen and Unwin.
3. Madge, John, 1970: The Origin of Scientific Sociology, London, Tavistock.
4. Goode and Hatt: Methods in Social Research, McGraw Hill.
5. Young, Pauline V, 1992: Scientific Social Surveys and Research, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
6. Dooley, David, 1997: Social Research Methods, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi.
7. Rajaraman, V, 2000: Fundamentals of Computers, Prentice-Hall of India, Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, Leon, Alexis and Mathews Leon: 2000, "Fundamentals of Information Technology", Leon Tech World, Chennai.
8. Yadava, Surendra S, & K. N.S. Yadava, 1995: "Statistical Analysis for Social Sciences", Manak Publications Pvt. Ltd.
9. Sadhu, A.N., & Amarjit Singh, 1980: "Research Methodology in Social Sciences", Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay.
10. Kling Rab, 1997: "The Culture of Cyberspace: The Internet for Sociologists", Contemporary Sociology: A Journal of Reviews, July, Vol. 26. No. 4.
11. Cramer, Duncan and Alan Bryman, 1997: "Quantitative Data Analysis with SPSS for Windows: A Guide for Social Scientists", Routledge, New York/ London.

PAPER -2: THEORETICAL FOUNDATIONS

Hours of Instructions in a Week: 4
Assessment:

Course End- Examination	:	70 Marks (of 3 Hours)
Continuous Assessment	:	30 Marks

The objective of this paper is to understand the traditional and emerging theoretical perspectives in sociology and recent trends their importance in the Indian context. This helps the students to understand the nature of social relationships in a systematic manner.

CHAPTER – I : Structural Functionalism and Neo-Functionalism

a) Talcott Parsons – Structural Functionalism
b) Robert Merton - Structural Functionalism
c) Neo-Functionalism – Jeffrey C. Alexander

CHAPTER – II : Conflict Theory and Neo-Marxian Theory

a) Ralph Dahrendorf – Dialectical Theory
b) Lewis Coser – Conflict Functionalism
c) Immanuel Wallerstein – Analysis of World System
d) Louis Althusser – Structuralism
e) Jurgen Habermas – The Public Sphere

CHAPTER – III: Feminist Theories

a) Macro Social Theories of Gender
b) Micro – Social Theories of Gender
c) Contemporary Feminist Theory – Gender Difference, Gender inequality, Gender Oppression, Structural Oppression, Feminism and Post-modernism
d) Gender Stratification Theory, Gender Equity Theory

CHAPTER – IV: Interactionist Theories, Phenomenology and Ethno-methodology

a) Charles Horton Cooley
b) George Herbert Mead
c) Alfred Schutz
d) Harold Garfinkel

CHAPTER – V: Theories of Modernity and Post-Modernity

a) The Juggernaut of Modernity – Anthony Giddens
b) The Risk Society- Ulrich Beck
c) Informationalism and The Network Society-Manuel Castells
d) Post Structuralism – Michel Foucault
e) Post Modern Social Theory
    a) Fredrick Jameson
    b) Jean Baudrillard

Reading List:

1. Ritzer George, 2000, Modern Sociological Theory, McGraw Hill, 5th ed. USA.
2. Merton Robert, 1949, Social Theory and Social Structure, Glencoe, Free Press.
3. Collin Randall, 1975, Conflict Sociology, New York, Academic Press.
4. Dahrendorf Ralf, 1958, Out of Utopia; Towards a reorientation of Sociological Analysis, American Journal of Sociology, 64.
5. Coser, Lewis 1956, The Functions of Social Conflict, London Free Press of Glencoe.
6. Mead, 1934, Mind Self and Society, in CW Morris (ed) Chicago University Press, Chicago.
7. Blumer Martin 1984, The Chicago School of Sociology Chicago, Chicago University Press.
8. Blumer H 1969 Symbolic Interactionism; perspectives and Methods, Princeton Englewood Cliffs.
9. Tuner Jonathan 1987, The structure of Sociological THEORY, Jaipur, Rawat Publications.
10. Centre for contemporary cultural analysis, 1977, 'Ideology' Hutchinson Publications, London.
11. Eliot Gregory, 1994, 'Althusser: A Critical Reader', Blackwell Publications London.
12. Bronner S E and Mac kay Kellener, 1989, 'Critical Theory on Society a Reader' Routledge Publications, New York.
13. Layder Derek, 1994, 'Understanding Social Theories', Sage publications London.
14. Mc Lellan, David, 1979, 'Marxism After Marx', Mac Million Press London.
15. Callinicos Alex, 1999, 'Social theory; A Historical introduction', Political Press, Cambridge.
16. Delanty Grard, 2001, 'Modernity and Post Modernity', Sage Publications, London.
17. Flower Bridget (ed), 2000, 'Reading Bourdieu on Society and culture', Blackwell Publications, Oxford.
18. Best Stevan and Douglas Kellner, 1991, 'Post Modern Theory; Critical Interrogation' Mac Millan Publications, London.
19. Glucksmann, 1974, Structuralist Analysis in Contemporary Social Thought', Routledge Publications, Boston.
20. Jenkin Alan, 1979, 'The Social Theory of Claude Levi Strauss', Mac Millan Publications, London.
21. Mouzelis Nicos, 1995, 'Sociological Theory what went wrong' Routledge Publications, London.
22. Seidman Stevan, 1994, 'The Post Modern Turn', Cambridge Publications, London.
23. Joll James, 1977, 'Gramsci, Fontana and Collin Publications, Glasgow.

24. Leach Edmund, 1970, 'Levi Straus' Fontana and Collin Publications, Glasgow.
25. Pusey Michael, 1987, 'Jurgen Habermas', Tavistock and Ellishors wood Publications, London.
26. Smart Burry, 1985, 'Michael Foucault', Routledge London.
27. Danher Geoff, Tony Schirito and Jenwebb, 2000, 'Understanding Foucault', Sage Publications, London.

PAPER-3: RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

This paper is related to the topic the candidate chooses for his/her Ph.D. Therefore, this paper shall be designed by the Supervisor and will have to get approved by the Departmental Council. The paper will broadly refer to the area pertaining to the candidate's thesis topic. This paper will help to familiarise the candidate with the Recent Developments in the Area where he/she intends to pursue Research. For instance if the candidate wants to work on Family Change in Dakshina Kannada District, the paper could be titled Sociology of Family. The Supervisor should design the paper which will contain theoretical leanings concerning family, Theories of Social Change and Social Change and Family along with Recent Developments in the area. The paper designed will have to get the approval of the Departmental Council.

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PH.D. COURSE WORK

PAPER – 3 - SYLLABUS

SOCIOLOGY OF DEVELOPMENT

Unit I

Understanding Development

Economic development, social development, political development, human development, sustainable development.

Unit II

Theories of Development

Structural functional, Social Psychological, Dialectical and World System Theory.

Unit III

Agents of Development – Non-Governmental Organization and Government Agencies

Unit IV

Family, Gender, Culture, Poverty, Population, Health, Education

UNIT V

Participatory Research

Participatory Rapid Appraisal, Participatory Monitoring and Evaluation, Beneficiary Assessment.

REFERENCES

1. Allen.H.B. Rural Reconstruction in Action.
2. Baden Powell.B.H. The origin and growth of village communities in India.
3. Chowdhari T.P.S(EDS), Selected Readings on Community Development.
4. Dasagupta (ed) Selected Readings on Community Development.
5. Desai.A.R. 1960, Rural Sociology in India. Popular Prakashana: Bombay.
6. Desai.A.R. Rural India in Transition.
7. Beteille, Andre, 1974, Studies in Agrarian social structure. Oxford University press.
8. Norman Long : 1977, An Introduction to Sociology of Rural Development. Tavistork : London.
9. Sharma and Malhotra.S.L, 1977, Approaches, Strategy, and perspective. Abhinava: New Delhi.
10. Kartar Singh : 1986, Rural Development Principles, Policies and Management. Sage: Delhi.
11. Dubhashi,P.R.1986, Policy and Performance Cultural and Rural Development in Post- Independence India. Sage: Delhi.
12. Joshi P.C.(ed) 1984, Development Perspectives. D.K. Publishers: New Delhi.
13. Bhatt Anil, 1989, Development and Social Justice. Sage: New Delhi.
14. Oommen.T.K(1984), Transformation in Rural India. Vikas: Delhi.
15. Jogan Shankar, 1995, Grama Samaja. Jeevan Prakashan: Mysore.

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PAPER – 3 - SYLLABUS

INDIAN SOCIETY

1. Introduction:
Indian Society – Geographical and Historical Period
Present distribution of population as racial groups, Problems of Assimilation of Integrations.

2. Theoretical Perspectives:
- Indological/Textual (G.S. Ghurye. Louis Dumont)
- Marxism (D.P. Mukhaerjee, A.R. Desai, R.K. Mukherjee)
- Subaltern (B.R. Ambedkar, David Hardiman)

3. Changing Trends of Marriage and Family among Hindus, Muslims and Christians.
-Familial: Dowry, Domestic Violence, Divorce, Intra and Intergenerational Conflict, Problem of Elderly.

4. Social Stratification:
Caste and Class, Caste and Tribe, Dominant Caste, Agrarian Land Tenure System. Problems of Untouchability, Backward classes, Schedule Castes and Tribes.

5. Social Change in Contemporary India:
- Trends of Change, Process of Change – Sanskritization, Westernization, Modernization and Secularization.

REFERENCES

1. Atal, Yogesh, 1979, The Changing Frontiers of Caste, National Publishing House, Delhi.
2. Beteille, Andre,1971, Caste, Class and power, Berkeley, University of California.
3. Dhanagare, D.N. 1993: Themes and Perspectives in Indian Sociology. Rawat: Jaipur.
4. Dube, Leela.1997, Women and Kinship, Comparative Perspectives on Gender Southern South Asia.
5. Dumont, Louis,1988, Homo Hierarchicus, Oxford University Press.
6. Hardiman, David 1987: The Coming of the Devi: Adivasi Assertion in Western India, Oxford University Press.
7. Kapadia, K.M.1981, Marriage and Family in India, Oxford University Press.
8. Karve Iravathi, Kinship Organization in India.
9. Lannoy, Richard, 1971: The Speaking Tree, A Study of Indian Culture and Society. London: Oxford University Press.
10. Mondelboum, D.C.1972, Society in India; popular Prakashan, Bombay.
11. Michael.S.M.1999, Dalits and Modern India ; visions and values.
12. Marriott, McKim 1990: India through Hindu Categories. Sage: Delhi.
13. Oommen.T.K. 1970, The Concept of Dominant Caste: Some queries in contribution to Indian Sociology.
14. Oommen, T.K. and P.N. Mukherjee, eds. 1986: Indian Sociology: Reflections and Introspections. Popular Prakashan: Bombay.
15. Prabhu, P.H.1963, Hindu Social Organization. Popular Prakashan: Bombay.

16. Rao, M.S.A.(ed) 1974, Urban Sociology in India, Orient Longman, New Delhi.
17. Singer, Milton &Cohen, Bernards, 1996, Structure and change in Indian Society, Rawat, Jaipur.
18. Singh,A.K. 1998, Forest and Tribal in India.
19. Srinivas, M.N. 1987, The Dominant Caste and other Essays, Oxford University, New Delhi.

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PH.D. COURSE WORK
PAPER – 3 - SYLLABUS
COMMUNITY STUDIES

Objectives:

1. To expose students to the knowledge, skill and values needed to work in the human services field.
2. To develop students understanding of human relations and of the importance of interpersonal skills as a tool for positive growth and change
3. To develop student's ability to organise and facilities specific large group.
4. To develop student's knowledge and ability in areas such as public relations, research, crises intervention, interviewing, and project management.

Unit I –Introduction:

a. Concept of community: sociological and cultural perspective-geographical and functional community
b. Functions of community
c. The process of community integration and disintegration

Unit II – Understanding Communities:

a. Nature, scope and importance of community studies in India
b. Distribution of Communities in Karnataka.
c. Problems of Identification of communities

Unit III - Tribal communities:

a. Different types of tribes: notified and De-notified , backward and most backward (primitive), settled and nomadic
b. Challenges they face: employment, education, health and settlement
c. Constitutional safeguarding measures

Unit IV- Rural Communities:

a. Types of rural settlements
b. Problems and prospects of rural life with reference to agriculture and allied actives like land and its use, animal husbandry, irrigation, pre-production, production and post harvest technology, rural infrastructure- drinking water, housing, health and education.
c. Developmental programmes and polices

Unit V- Urban communities:

a. Understanding urban communities in India – definition and characteristics of urban areas, town, city, metropolis, megha polis, suburbs, satellite towns. The demographic and land use pattern in urban areas- social area analysis.
b. Challenging issues of urban society: infrastructure, environment, transport and communication and slums
c. Urban development programmes and polices

References:

1. Mandelbawn: Society in India, Bombay: popular Prakashan 1972.
2. Gore, M.S: Urbanisation and Family Change, Bombay 1965, Popular Prakashan 1968.
3. Rushaton J and J.D Turner (edts)- The Community School in Education and Deprivation, Manchester University Press, Manchester, 1975.
4. Atal, Yogesh: The Changing Frontiers of Caste, National Publishing House, Delhi, 1979.
5. Beteille, Andre: Caste, Class and power, Berkeley, University of California, 1971.
6. Dhanagare, D.N: Themes and Perspectives in Indian Sociology. Rawat: Jaipur, 1993.
7. Dube, Leela. Women and Kinship, Comparative Perspectives on Gender Southern South Asia, 1997.
8. Dumont, Louis, Homo Hierarchicus, Oxford University Press, 1988.
9. Hardiman, David: The Coming of the Devi: Adivasi Assertion in Western India, Oxford University Press, 1987.
10. Kapadia, K.M: Marriage and Family in India, Oxford University Press, 1981.